

## Historical Dates of Buddhism in India

B.C. 466~463	佛陀生	The birth of Buddha
B.C. 432~429	正覺	Sambodhi (Perfect Enlightenment)
B.C. 387~384	佛滅	Buddha's nirvana
B.C. 387~287	原始佛教（「第一次結集」至佛滅後百年「第二次結集」）	Early Buddhism Period (from the 1st Council to the 2nd Council, the latter held 100 years after Buddha's nirvana)
	第一次結集,佛滅一年後,五百聖弟子,王舍城	First Council - 1 year after Buddha's nirvana. 500 Arhats at Rajagaha
	第二次結集,佛滅一百年後,七百聖弟子,毘舍離城	Second Council - 100 years after Buddha's nirvana, 700 Arhats, at Vaishali
	跋耆比丘	Bhiksu Vrji
B.C. 261~37	初、中期部派佛教 （佛滅後100年至佛滅後350年）	Early and Mid Periods in Sectarian Buddhism (100~350 years after Buddha's nirvana)
	大眾部分化開始阿育王約前304年—前232年	The Mahāsamghika School began to split from the rest. King Ashoka's time was about B.C. 304~232
B.C. 37~A.D. 213	後期部派佛教及初期大乘菩薩道（佛滅後350~600年）	Late Period in Sectarian Buddhism, and Early Period in Mahayana (The Great Vehicle) Bodhisattva Buddhism (350~600 years after Buddha's nirvana)
	龍樹、無著、世親	Nāgārjuna, Asanga, Vasubandhu
A.D. 213~613	末期部派佛教與中期大乘菩薩道（佛滅後600~1000年；）	End Period in Sectarian Buddhism, and Mid Period in Mahayana Bodhisattva Buddhism (600~1,000 years after Buddha's nirvana)
A.D. 613~1013	後期秘密大乘菩薩道（佛滅後1000~1400年）	Late Period in The Esoteric Vehicle Bodhisattva Buddhism (1,000~1,400 years after Buddha's nirvana)
A.D. 1013~1250	印度佛教滅沒（佛滅後1400~1637年）	Extinction of Indian Buddhism (1,400~1,647 years after Buddha's nirvana)

<b>READING:</b>	<b>Orthodox Chinese Buddhism</b>	<b>5.9 Is Buddhism a World Religion?</b>
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